

[16th August 1954]

APPENDIX I.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 148 asked by Sri M. Ethirajulu at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on 16th August 1954, page 432 supra.]

(a) The annual production of sugarcane in the present Madras State for the past five years is given below :—

Year.	Production (in tons).
1948-49	2,332,008
1949-50	2,106,550
1950-51	2,909,324
1951-52	3,198,216
1952-53	2,525,300
Average of five years ..	2,614,280

(b) The annual production of sugarcane in the South Arcot district is as follows :—

Year.	Production (in tons).
1948-49	464,760
1949-50	457,975
1950-51	617,626
1951-52	638,256
1952-53	625,000
Average of five years ..	566,723

(c) The total annual requirement of sugar for consumption in present Madras State is estimated at 62,000 tons.

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APPENDIX II.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 149 asked by Sri T. Purushotham at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on 16th August 1954, page 432 supra.]

LIST I.

List of Newspapers, institutions, etc., supplied with Government publications free of charge.

(NOTE.—“Press papers” means papers placed at the disposal of the Press except Administration Reports, Fort St. George Gazettes and Proceedings of the Legislature.)

I. All Press Papers.

- 1 Ananda Vikatan, Madras.
- 2 Associated Press of India, Madras Branch.
- 3 All-India Congress Committee, 7, Jantar Mantar Road, New Delhi.
- 4 Andhra Chamber of Commerce, Madras.
- 5 Andhra Provincial Journalists Association, Guntur.
- 6 Andhra Patrika, Madras.
- 7 Andhra Prabha, Madras.
- 8 Andhra Mahasabha, Vijayavada.
- 9 Andhra Provincial Congress Committee.
- 10 Bharatha Devi, Madras.
- 11 Connemara Public Library, Madras.
- 12 The Chandrika, Kozhikode.
- 13 Dinamani, Madras.
- 14 Daily Thanthi, Madras.
- 15 Dwarakdass Library, Lahore
- 16 Free Press, Madras.
- 17 Guild of Service (Seva Samajam, Government House, Madras.)
- 18 Harijan Sevak Sangh, New Delhi.
- 19 Harijan, Poona.
- 20 Hindu, Madras.
- 21 Information Officer of Government of India, Press Information Bureau, Khaleel Mansions, Madras.
- 22 Indian Express, Madras.
- 23 Indian Review, Madras.
- 24 Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee, Hubli.
- 25 Mail, Madras.
- 26 Mahajana Sabha, Madras.
- 27 Maheswar Public Library, Patna.
- 28 Mathrubhumi, Kozhikode.
- 29 Madras Legislature Congress Party.
- 30 Madras Provincial Union of Panchayat Boards, Madras.

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I. All Press Papers—cont.

- 31 Members of the Madras Legislative Assembly—Only such papers as are called for.
- 32 Members of the Madras Legislative Council—Only such papers as are called for.
- 33 Navayuga, Navayuga Press, Udipi—Only such papers as are called for.
- 34 Madras Members of the Union Parliament.
- 35 Parliament Library of India.
- 36 Sri P. S. Kumaraswami Raja.
- 37 Powrasakti, Kozhikode.
- 38 Provincial Branch of the Indian National Trade Union Congress, Mathurai.
- 39 Swatantra, Madras.
- 40 The Sarada, Vijayavada.
- 41 Servants of India Society, Poona.
- 42 South Indian Bulletin, Madras.
- 43 South Indian Chamber of Commerce.
- 44 Statesman, Calcutta.
- 45 Secretary, Congress Party, Union Parliament, New Delhi.
- 46 Swadesamitran, Madras.
- 47 Trilinga, Madras.
- 48 Thanti, Madhurai.
- 49 Tamil-Nad Congress Committee, Madras.
- 50 United Press of India, Limited, Madras.
- 51 Viduthalai, Chintadripet, Madras.
- 52 The Vijayaprabha, Madras.
- 53 Special Correspondent, News Services division, All-India Radio, Burkot Road, Theyagarayanagar, Madras, including copies of the Bills published in *Fort St. George Gazette*.
- 54 Nava Keralam, Kozhikode.
- 55 Navabharata, Mangalore.
- 56 The Musalman, Triplicane, Madras.

II. Press Papers relating to particular subjects.

<i>Serial number and name of newspaper, institution, etc.</i>	<i>Subject or subjects on which papers are to be supplied.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
1 Annamalai University ..	Papers dealing with education will be of interest to the University.	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.
2 Headmasters' Association.	Papers of the Education section of the Education Department.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
3 Hindu Religious Endowments Board.	Papers bearing on the administration of the Hindu Religious Endowments.	Selection and supply by the Rural Welfare Department.

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II. *Press papers relating to particular subjects—cont.*

<i>Serial number and name of newspaper, institution, etc.</i>	<i>Subject or subjects on which papers are to be supplied.</i>	<i>Remarks.</i>
(1)	(2)	(3)
4 Imperial Council of Agricultural Research.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Trade, Industries, Forests, etc., in accordance with the weekly lists of the Development Department.	Development Department.
5 Indian Forester, Dehra Dun.	Do.	Do.
6 Madras Chamber of Local Boards, Saidapet.	Papers relating to Education and Local Administration.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
7 Madras Landholders' Association.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Industries, Trade, Commerce, Co-operation and Forestry and Irrigation and Revenue Department papers which are of general importance.	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.
8 Madras Provincial Co-operative Union.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Industries, Co-operative Societies, Veterinary Department, Fisheries and Weights and Measures.	Do.
9 Madura-Ramnad Chamber of Commerce, Madurai.	Papers relating to Trade, Commerce, Industries and Agriculture issued by Government or under their authority.	Do.
10 Missionary Educational Council of South India, Arkonam.	Papers of the Education Department.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
11 Nurses' Association, Madras.	Papers relating to Nurses	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.
12 Rice Grain and Sugar Merchants' Association.	Papers of the Development Department.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
13 Rural Medical Practitioner's Association.	Papers of general interest relating to Rural Medical Practitioners.	Selection and supply by the Public Health Department.
14 South Indian Teachers' Union, Triplicane, Madras.	Papers of the Education Department.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
15 Southern India Skins and Hides Merchants' Association.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Industries, Trade, Commerce, Co-operation and Forestry.	Selection and supply by the Development Department.
16 Tamil Nadu Co-operative Federation, Limited, Coimbatore.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Industries, Trade, Commerce, Co-operation and Forestry and Irrigation and Revenue Department papers which are of general interest.	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.
17 United Planters' Association of South India, Madras.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Trade, Industries, Forestry, etc., in accordance with the weekly list of the Development Department.	Selection and supply by the Development Department.
18 The Indian Railway Magazine, Madras.	Papers of general interest relating to Transport.	Selection and supply by the Local Administration Department.
19 Muhammadan Educational Association of Southern India, Madras.	Papers of the Education Department.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
20 The Editor, "Varthage Oollian," Tiruchirappalli.	Papers relating to Industry and Commerce and Trade.	Selection and supply by the Development Department.

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II. Press papers relating to particular subjects—cont.

Serial number and name of newspaper, institution, etc.	Subject or subjects on which papers are to be supplied.	Remarks.
(1)	(2)	(3)
21 The Editor, "Mirasidar," Mayuram, Tanjore district.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Industries, Trade, Commerce, Co-operation and Forestry, Irrigation and Revenue Department papers which are of general importance.	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.
22 Tiruchirappalli District Agricultural Association.	Papers relating to Education, Sanitation, Communications, Irrigation and Revenue Department papers which are of general importance and all papers of general interest as well as those of special interest to the Tiruchirappalli district, bearing on Agriculture, Industries, Trade and Commerce, Co-operation and Forestry.	Do.
23 Muslim Chamber of Commerce.	Papers relating to Trade, Commerce, Industries and Agriculture which are of general interest.	Selection and supply by the Development Department.
24 Salem District Chamber of Commerce.	Papers relating to Trade, Commerce, Industries and Agriculture.	Selection and supply by the Development Department.
25 Educational India	Papers of the Education Department.	Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press.
26 Dr. R. Hercood, General Secretary, The International Bureau against Alcoholism, Lausanne.	Papers relating to Prohibition	Selection and supply by the Revenue Department.
27 Rev. Herbert Anderson, Baptist Mission House, 44, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta.	Do.	Do.
28 The Setiotope Anicut Mirasdars' Association Porto Novo.	Papers relating to Irrigation and Land Revenue.	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.
29 Taluk Mirasdars' Association, Sirkali.	Papers relating to Agriculture, Irrigation and Land Revenue.	Do.
30 The National Health Association of Southern India.	Papers relating to Public Health.	Selection and supply by the Public Health Department.
31 Andhra University Library.	Papers of general interest issued by the Local Administration Department.	Selection and supply by the Local Administration Department.
32 Indian Chamber of Commerce, Coimbatore.	Papers relating to Trade, Commerce, Industries and Agriculture.	Selection and supply by the Development Department.
33 Madras Yarn Merchants' Association.	Papers relating to Trade, Commerce and the Textile Industry which are of general interest.	Do.
34 Madras Journal of Co-operation, Madras.	(1) Papers of the Revenue Department. (2) Papers of general interest relating to Agriculture, Co-operation, Rural Development and Industries.	(1) Supply by the Superintendent, Government Press. (2) Selection and supply by the Development Department.
Coimbatore District Agriculture Association.	Papers relating to Education, Sanitation, etc.	Selection and supply by the departments of the Secretariat concerned.

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LIST II.

List of papers to which "Review" copies of Government publications may be sent.

English dailies (Madras State).

The Hindu
Indian Express
Mail

English periodicals.

Swatantra.
Free India.
Sunday Times.
Sport and Pastime.
Free Press.
Federated India.

English dailies (outside the State).

Deccan Herald, Bangalore
Bombay Chronicle, Bombay
Times of India, Bombay
Free Press Journal, Bombay.
Statesman, Calcutta.
Amrita Bazaar Patrika, Calcutta.
National Herald, Lucknow.
Pioneer, Allahabad.
Indian News Chronicle, Delhi.
Hindustan Times, New Delhi.
Hindustan Standard, Nagpur.
Hitawada, Nagpur.
Nagpur Times, Nagpur.

Periodicals (outside the State).

Orient, Calcutta.
Forum Bombay.
Illustrated Weekly of India, Bombay.

Tamil dailies.

Dinamani
Swadesamitran
Thanti
Nava India (Coimbatore)
Tamil Nadu (Madurai)
Viduthalai
Dinamani (Madurai)
Bharat Devi

Tamil periodicals.

Kelki.
Ananda Vikatan.
Kalaimagal.
Dinamani Kadir.
Amuda Surabhi.
Kumudham.
Swadesamitran (Weekly).
Kalai Kadir (Coimbatore).

Telugu dailies.

Andhra Prabha
Andhra Patrika
Visalandhra

Telugu periodicals.

Andhra Patrika Weekly.
Telugu Swatantra.
Krishna Patrika, Masulipatnam.
Kinnara, 16, Jones Street.
Trilinga, Tiruvottiyur High Road, Madras-21.
Andhra Jyoti, 37, Acharappan Street, Madras-1.
Zamin Ryot, Nellore.
Sadhana, Anantapur.
Jyoti, Tenali.

Malayalam dailies.

Mathrubhumi, Kozhikode
Powrasakthi, Kozhikode

Malayalam periodicals.

Mathrubhumi Weekly (Kozhikode).
Jayakeralam, Madras.
Chandrika, Kozhikode.
Pravaham, Kozhikode.

Kannada dailies.

Samyuktha Karnatak, Hubli
Navabharatha, Mangalore

Kannada periodicals.

Rashtra Bandhu.
Yugapurusha.
Navayuga.
Kannadiga, Hubli.

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LIST III.

The names of the newspapers in which the advertisements of the various departments of the State Government are generally sent for publication—

English.

- 1 The Hindu.
- 2 The Indian Express.
- 3 The Mail.
- 4 The Statesman, Calcutta.
- 5 The Amrita Bazaar Patrika, Calcutta.
- 6 The Pioneer, Lucknow.
- 7 The Indian Nation, Patna.
- 8 The Hindustan Times, New Delhi.
- 9 The Deccan Herald, Bangalore.
- 10 The Hindustan Standard, Calcutta.
- 11 The Samaj, Cuttack.
- 12 The Free Press Journal, Bombay.
- 13 The Bombay Chronicle, Bombay.
- 14 The Praja Thanthra, Cuttack.
- 15 The Ceylon Times, Ceylon.
- 16 The National Herald, Lucknow.
- 17 The Deccan Chronicle, Secunderabad.
- 18 The Bharat, Bombay.
- 19 The Nagpur Times, Nagpur.
- 20 The Indian News Chronicle, Delhi.
- 21 The New Orissa, Cuttack.
- 22 The Eastern Review, Cuttack.
- 23 The Ceylon Daily News, Ceylon.
- 24 The Rangoon Times, Rangoon.
- 25 The Eastern Times, Cuttack.
- 26 The Hitawada, Nagpur.
- 27 The National Standard, Bombay.

Tamil.

- 1 The Dinamani.
- 2 The Swadesamitran.
- 3 The Bharat Devi.
- 4 The Nava India, Coimbatore.
- 5 The Tamil Nadu, Madurai.

Telugu.

- 1 The Andhra Patrika.
- 2 The Andhra Prabha.

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LIST III—cont.

The names of the newspapers in which the advertisements of the various departments of the State Government are generally sent for publication—cont.

Malayalam.

- 1 The Mathrubhumi, Kozhikode.
- 2 The Powrasakthi, Kozhikode.
- 3 The Malayala Manorama, Kottayam
- 4 The Chandrika, Kozhikode.
- 5 The Deepika, Kottayam.
- 6 The Malayala Rajyam, Quilon.
- 7 The Kerala Kaumudi, Trivandrum
- 8 The Gomathi, Tiruchur.

Kanarese.

- 1 The Samyuktha Karnatak, Hubli.
- 2 The Nava Bharat, Mangalore.
- 3 The Nava Yuga, Hubli.
- 4 The Visva Karnatak, Bangalore.

Urdu.

- 1 The Azad Naujawan.
- 2 The Hamdard, Hyderabad.
- 3 The Muzhee-i-Deccan, Hyderabad.
- 4 The Mussalman, Madras.

APPENDIX III.

[Vide item V (1) on page 440 supra.]

L.A. BILL No. 29 OF 1954.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill to amend the Madras Public Libraries Act, 1948.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Madras Public Libraries Act, 1948 (Madras Act XXIV of 1948), for the purpose hereinafter appearing;

BE it enacted in the Fifth Year of our Republic as follows :—

1. *Short title.*—This Act may be called the Madras Public Libraries (Amendment) Act, 1954.

2. *Amendment of section 9, Madras Act XXIV of 1948.*—In section 9 of the Madras Public Libraries Act, 1948 (Madras Act XXIV of 1948), for clause (e), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

“(e) accept, with the previous sanction of the Director or the Government, any gift of books, or, with the previous sanction of the Government, any other gift or endowment for any purpose connected with its activities;”.

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APPENDIX IV.

[Vide item V (3) on page 466. *supra*.]

L.A. BILL No. 28 OF 1954.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill to constitute a township for Bhavanisagar in the Coimbatore district and to provide for its administration and governance.

WHEREAS it is expedient to constitute a township for Bhavanisagar in the Coimbatore district and to provide for its administration and governance :

BE it enacted in the Fifth Year of Our Republic as follows :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Act may be called the Bhavanisagar Township Act, 1954.

(2) This section shall come into force at once and the rest of this Act shall come into force on such date as the State Government may, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, appoint (hereinafter referred to as the appointed date).

2. *Bhavanisagar to be a township.*—(1) With effect on and from the appointed date, the area specified in the Schedule (being the area comprised within the jurisdiction of Kuduvay and Thoppampalayam Panchayats immediately before the appointed date) shall be a township called the Bhavanisagar township, and the State Government may, from time to time, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, alter the limits of the area specified in the Schedule and any such alteration shall have effect as if it had been made by this Act.

(2) Where the limits of the area specified in the Schedule are altered by notification under sub-section (1), the notification may also contain such provisions regarding the application or cesser of application of any enactment and the local authority which is to exercise, or cease to exercise, jurisdiction in relation to the area included in or excluded from the Bhavanisagar township, the apportionment and adjustment of assets and liabilities as between the local authorities concerned and other incidental or consequential matters, as the State Government may deem necessary or proper.

(3) The Madras Village Panchayats Act, 1950 (Madras Act X of 1950), shall, with effect on and from the appointed date, cease to apply to the Bhavanisagar township.

3. *Constitution and composition of committee for administration of Bhavanisagar township.*—(1) For the purpose of administering the municipal affairs of the Bhavanisagar township, the State Government shall, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, constitute a Committee to be called the Bhavanisagar Township Committee (hereinafter referred to as

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the Township Committee) consisting of six members who shall be appointed by the State Government. Of the six members aforesaid, two shall be non-officials.

(2) The State Government shall appoint—

(a) one of the members of the Township Committee to be its Chairman; and

(b) another person (not being a member of the Township Committee) to be its Executive Officer.

(3) The Township Committee shall be a body corporate, having perpetual succession and a common seal, and subject to any restrictions or qualifications imposed by or under this or any other enactment, shall be vested with the capacity of suing and being sued in its corporate name, of acquiring, holding and transferring property, movable or immovable, of entering into contracts, and of doing all things necessary, proper or expedient for the purposes for which it is constituted.

4. *Application of Madras Act V of 1920 and other enactments to Bhavanisagar township subject to specified modifications, additions and restrictions.*—(1) The State Government may, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, direct that any of the provisions of the Madras District Municipalities Act, 1920 (Madras Act V of 1920), or of any rules made thereunder or of any other enactment for the time being in force elsewhere in the State of Madras, but not in the Bhavanisagar township, shall apply to the township to such extent and subject to such modifications, additions and restrictions as may be specified in the notification.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provision, such notifications may authorize—

(a) the Township Committee to levy all or any of the taxes and fees which may be levied by virtue of the provisions applicable to the township under this section; and

(b) the Executive Officer of the Township Committee to exercise and perform in regard to the township, the powers and duties assigned to the executive authority of a municipality under the provisions applied as aforesaid, subject to such restrictions, limitations and conditions and to such control, if any, as may be specified in the notification.

5. *Transfer of property, rights and liabilities of the Kuduvay and Thoppampalayam Panchayats.*—(1) All property, all rights of whatever kind used, enjoyed or possessed by, and all interests of whatever kind owned by or vested in or held in trust by, or for the Kuduvay or Thoppampalayam Panchayat as well as all liabilities legally subsisting against any of these panchayats, shall, in so far as such property, rights, interests or liabilities relate to the whole or any part of the Bhavanisagar township, stand transferred, on and from the appointed date to the Township Committee.

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(2) All arrears of taxes or other payments by way of composition for a tax or due for expenses or compensation or otherwise, due to either of the aforesaid panchayats, immediately before the appointed date may, in so far as such arrears or other payments relate to the whole or any part of the Bhavanisagar township, be recovered by the Township Committee.

(3) All proceedings taken by or against either of the aforesaid panchayats may, in so far as they relate to any of the matters provided for in sub-sections (1) and (2) be continued by or against the Township Committee.

6. *Power to remove difficulties.*—(1) If any difficulty arises in giving effect to the provisions of this Act, the State Government may, as occasion may require, by order do anything which appears to them necessary for the purpose of removing the difficulty.

(2) All notifications and orders made under this Act shall as soon as possible after it is made, be placed on the table of the Legislative Assembly for fourteen days, and shall be subject to such modification whether by way of repeal or amendment as the Legislative Assembly may make during the session in which it is so laid.

THE SCHEDULE.

[See section 2 (1).]

The limits of the area of the Bhavanisagar township shall be the area comprised in the

(i) entire Mudukkanthorai revenue village excepting the following survey numbers:—

7, 25 to 37 and 60 to 70 and

(ii) part of Thoppampalayam revenue village consisting of the following survey numbers:—

55 to 64, 66 to 76, northern portion of S. Nos. 77, 399 to 416

bounded on north by the Bhavani river;

west by the Bhavani river;

east by S. Nos. 7, 25, 37, 35, 60 and 70 of Mudukkanthorai village and 54 of Thoppampalayam village;

south by S. No. 65, southern portion of S. Nos. 77 and 417 of Thoppampalayam village and the dam line and water-spread area.

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APPENDIX V.

[Vide item V (4) on page 482 supra.]

L.A. BILL No. 31 OF 1954

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill further to amend the Madras District Boards Act, 1920.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Madras District Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), for the purposes hereinafter appearing ;

BE it enacted in the Fifth Year of Our Republic as follows :—

1. *Short title.*—This Act may be called the Madras District Boards (Second Amendment) Act, 1954.

2. *Insertion of Chapter IV-A in Madras Act XIV of 1920.*—After Chapter IV of the Madras District Boards Act, 1920 (Madras Act XIV of 1920), the following Chapter shall be inserted, namely :—

“ CHAPTER IV-A.

Maintenance of order on election day and requisitioning of property for election purposes.

59-A. *Prohibition of public meetings on the election day* —

(1) No person shall convene, hold or attend any public meeting within any circle on the date or dates on which a poll is taken for an election in that circle.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

• 59-B. *Officers, etc., at elections not to act for candidates or to influence voting.*—(1) No person who is a Returning Officer, or an Assistant Returning Officer, or a presiding or polling officer at an election, or an officer or clerk appointed by the Returning Officer or the presiding officer to perform any duty in connection with an election shall in the conduct or the management of the election do any act (other than the giving of votes) for the furtherance of the prospects of the election of a candidate.

(2) No such person as aforesaid, and no member of a police force, shall endeavour—

(a) to persuade any person to give his vote at an election, or

(b) to dissuade any person from giving his vote at an election, or

(c) to influence the voting of any person at an election in any manner.

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(3) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to six months or with fine or with both.

59-C. *Prohibition of canvassing in or near polling stations.*

—(1) No person shall, on the date or dates on which a poll is taken at any polling station, commit any of the following acts within the polling station or in any public or private place within a distance of one hundred yards of the polling station, namely :—

(a) canvassing for votes ; or

(b) soliciting the vote of any elector ; or

(c) persuading any elector not to vote for any particular candidate ; or

(d) persuading any elector not to vote at the election ;
or

(e) exhibiting any notice or sign (other than an official notice) relating to the election.

(2) Any person who contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred and fifty rupees.

(3) An offence punishable under this section shall be cognizable.

59-D. *Penalty for disorderly conduct in or near polling stations.*—(1) No person shall, on the date or dates on which a poll is taken at any polling station,—

(a) use or operate within or at the entrance of the polling station, or in any public or private place in the neighbourhood thereof, any apparatus for amplifying or reproducing the human voice, such as a megaphone or a loud speaker, or

(b) shout or otherwise act in a disorderly manner, within or at the entrance of the polling station or in any public or private place in the neighbourhood thereof, so as to cause annoyance to any person visiting the polling station for the poll, or so as to interfere with the work of the officers and other persons on duty at the polling station.

(2) Any person who contravenes, or wilfully aids or abets the contravention of, the provisions of sub-section (1) shall be punishable with imprisonment which may extend to three months or with fine or with both.

(3) If the polling officer of a polling station has reason to believe that any person is committing or has committed an offence punishable under this section, he may direct any police officer to arrest such person, and thereupon the police officer shall arrest him.

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(4) Any police officer may take such steps, and use such force, as may be reasonably necessary for preventing any contravention of the provisions of sub-section (1), and may seize any apparatus used for such contravention.

Explanation.—In this section, the expression “polling officer” means the polling officer of a polling station or if there is a presiding officer at the station, such presiding officer.

59-E. *Penalty for misconduct at the polling station.*—(1) Any person who during the hours fixed for the poll at any polling station misconducts himself or fails to obey the lawful directions of the polling officer may be removed from the polling station by the polling officer or by any police officer on duty or by any person authorized in this behalf by such polling officer.

(2) The powers conferred by sub-section (1) shall not be exercised so as to prevent any elector who is otherwise entitled to vote at a polling station from having an opportunity of voting at that station.

(3) If any person who has been so removed from a polling station re-enters the polling station without the permission of the polling officer, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine or with both.

(4) An offence punishable under sub-section (3) shall be cognizable.

Explanation.—In this section, the expression “polling officer” has the same meaning as in section 59-D.

59-F. *Removal of ballot papers from polling station to be an offence.*—(1) Any person who at any election fraudulently takes, or attempts to take, a ballot paper out of a polling station, or wilfully aids or abets the doing of any such act, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees or with both.

(2) If the presiding officer of a polling station has reason to believe that any person is committing or has committed an offence punishable under sub-section (1), such officer may, before such person leaves the polling station, arrest or direct a police officer to arrest such person and may search such person or cause him to be searched by a police officer:

Provided that when it is necessary to cause a woman to be searched, the search shall be made by another woman with strict regard to decency.

(3) Any ballot paper found upon the person arrested on search shall be made over for safe custody to a police officer by the presiding officer, or when the search is made by a police officer, shall be kept by such officer in safe custody.

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(4) An offence punishable under sub-section (1) shall be cognizable.

59-G. Requisitioning of premises, vehicles, etc., for election purposes.—(1) If it appears to the State Government that in connexion with an election to be held to a district board—

(a) any premises other than residential buildings actually occupied are needed or are likely to be needed for the purpose of being used as a polling station or for the storage of ballot boxes after a poll has been taken, or

(b) any vehicle, vessel or animal is needed or is likely to be needed for the purpose of transport of ballot boxes to or from any polling station, or transport of members of the police force for maintaining order during the conduct of such election, or transport of any officer or other person for performance of any duties in connexion with such election, the State Government may, by order in writing, requisition such premises, or such vehicle, vessel or animal, as the case may be, and may make such further orders as may appear to it to be necessary or expedient in connexion with the requisitioning :

Provided that no vehicle, vessel or animal which is being lawfully used by a candidate or his agent for any purpose connected with the election of such candidate shall be requisitioned under this sub-section until the completion of the poll at such election.

(2) The requisition shall be effected by an order in writing addressed to the person deemed by the State Government to be the owner or person in possession of the property, and such order shall be served on the person to whom it is addressed.

(3) Whenever any property is requisitioned under sub-section (1), the period of such requisition shall not extend beyond the period for which such property is required for any of the purposes mentioned in that sub-section.

(4) In this section—

(a) “ premises ” means any land, building or part of a building and includes a hut, shed or other structure or any part thereof ;

(b) “ vehicle ” means any vehicle used or capable of being used for the purpose of road transport, whether propelled by mechanical power or otherwise.

59-H. Payment of compensation.—(1) Whenever in pursuance of section 59-G, the State Government requisition any premises, there shall be paid by the district board concerned

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to the persons interested compensation the amount of which shall be determined by taking into consideration the following, namely :—

(i) the rent payable in respect of the premises or if no rent is so payable, the rent payable for similar premises in the locality ;

(ii) if in consequence of the requisition of the premises the person interested is compelled to change his residence or place of business, the reasonable expenses (if any) incidental to such change :

Provided that where any person interested, being aggrieved by the amount of compensation so determined makes an application within one month from the date of service of the order of requisition to the State Government for referring the matter to an arbitrator, the amount of compensation to be paid shall be such as the arbitrator appointed in this behalf by the State Government may determine :

Provided further that where there is any dispute as to the title to receive the compensation or as to the apportionment of the amount of compensation, it shall be referred by the State Government to an arbitrator appointed in this behalf by that Government for determination, and shall be determined in accordance with the decision of such arbitrator.

Explanation.—In this sub-section, the expression “ person interested ” means the person who was in actual possession of the premises requisitioned under section 59-G immediately before the requisition, or where no person was in such actual possession, the owner of such premises.

(2) Whenever in pursuance of section 59-G, the State Government requisition any vehicle, vessel or animal, there shall be paid by the district board concerned to the owner thereof compensation the amount of which shall be determined by the State Government on the basis of the fares or rates prevailing in the locality for the hire of such vehicle, vessel or animal :

Provided that where the owner of such vehicle, vessel or animal being aggrieved by the amount of compensation so determined makes an application within one month from the date of service of the order of requisition to the State Government for referring the matter to an arbitrator, the amount of compensation to be paid shall be such as the arbitrator appointed in this behalf by the State Government may determine :

Provided further that where immediately before the requisitioning the vehicle or vessel was by virtue of a hire purchase agreement in the possession of a person other than the owner, the amount determined under this sub-section as the total compensation payable in respect of the requisition shall be apportioned between that person and the owner in

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such manner as they may agree upon, and in default of agreement, in such manner as an arbitrator appointed by the State Government in this behalf may decide.

59-I. Power to obtain information.—The State Government may, with a view to requisitioning any property under section 59-G or determining the compensation payable under section 59-H, by order, require any person to furnish to such authority as may be specified in the order such information in his possession relating to such property as may be so specified.

59-J. Powers of entry into and inspection of premises, etc.—(1) Any person authorized in this behalf by the State Government may enter into any premises and inspect such premises and any vehicle, vessel or animal therein for the purpose of determining whether, and if so in what manner, an order under section 59-G should be made in relation to such premises, vehicle, vessel or animal or with a view to securing compliance with any order made under that section.

(2) In this section, the expressions "premises" and "vehicle" have the same meanings as in section 59-G.

59-K. Eviction from requisitioned premises.—(1) Any person remaining in possession of any requisitioned premises in contravention of any order made under section 59-G may be summarily evicted from the premises by any officer empowered by the State Government in this behalf.

(2) Any officer so empowered may, after giving to any woman not appearing in public reasonable warning and facility to withdraw, remove or open any lock or bolt or break open any door of any building or do any other act necessary for effecting such eviction.

59-L. Release of premises from requisition.—(1) When any premises requisitioned under section 59-G are to be released from requisition, the possession thereof shall be delivered to the person from whom possession was taken at the time when the premises were requisitioned, or if there were no such person, to the person deemed by the State Government to be the owner of such premises, and such delivery of possession shall be a full discharge of the State Government from all liabilities in respect of such delivery, but shall not prejudice any rights in respect of the premises which any other person may be entitled by due process of law to enforce against the person to whom possession of the premises is so delivered.

(2) Where the person to whom possession of any premises requisitioned under section 59-G is to be given under subsection (1) cannot be found or is not readily ascertainable or has no agent or any other person empowered to accept delivery on his behalf, the State Government shall cause a notice declaring that such premises are released from requisition to be affixed on some conspicuous part of such premises and publish the notice in the Official Gazette.

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(3) When a notice referred to in sub-section (2) is published in the Official Gazette, the premises specified in such notice shall cease to be subject to requisition on and from the date of such publication and be deemed to have been delivered to the person entitled to possession thereof, and the State Government shall not be liable for any compensation or other claim in respect of such premises for any period after the said date.

59-M. *Delegation of functions of the State Government with regard to requisitioning.*—The State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any powers conferred or any duty imposed on that Government by any of the provisions of sections 59-G to 59-L shall, under such conditions, if any, as may be specified in the direction, be exercised or discharged by such officer or class of officers as may be so specified.

59-N. *Penalty for contravention of any order regarding requisitioning.*—If any person contravenes any order made under section 59-G or section 59-I, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year or with fine or with both."

APPENDIX VI.

[Vide item V (5) on page 495 supra.]

L.A. BILL No. 32 OF 1954.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill further to amend the Madras Estates Land (Reduction of Rent) Act, 1947.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Madras Estates Land (Reduction of Rent) Act, 1947 (Madras Act XXX of 1947), for the purposes hereinafter appearing :

BE it enacted in the Fifth Year of Our Republic as follows :—

1. *Short title and commencement.*—(1) This Act may be called the Madras Estates Land (Reduction of Rent) Amendment Act, 1954.

(2) Section 2 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 7th January 1948.

2. *Amendment of section 5, Madras Act XXX of 1947.*—In sub-section (1) of section 5 of the Madras Estates Land (Reduction of Rent) Act, 1947 (Madras Act XXX of 1947) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), for the words beginning with "the State Government shall make good" and ending with "the average net income aforesaid", the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"the State Government shall pay to the institution at the end of the fasli year in question the difference between the net income derived by the institution in such fasli year

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and the net income which the institution would have derived in such fasli year if the rates of rent had not been reduced under the provisions of the foregoing sections.”

3. *Provision for adjustment of excess amount paid to religious, educational or charitable institutions.*—Where the amount paid to any religious, educational or charitable institution for the fasli year 1357 or any subsequent fasli year under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the principal Act is in excess of the amount payable to such institution under that sub-section as amended by this Act, then, notwithstanding anything contained in any law, contract or decree or order of Court to the contrary, the excess shall be adjusted towards the amount payable for any later fasli year, whether before or after the commencement of this Act, under sub-section (1) of section 5 of the principal Act as amended by this Act or the tasdik allowance or additional compensation, if any, payable in respect of the estate or part thereof under the Madras Estates (Abolition and Conversion into Ryotwari) Act, 1948 (Madras Act XXVI of 1948).

APPENDIX VII.

[Vide item V (6) on page 502 supra.]

L.A. BILL No. 35 OF 1954.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill to amend the Societies Registration Act, 1860, in its application to the State of Madras.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (Central Act XXI of 1860), in its application to the State of Madras :

BE it enacted in the Fifth Year of Our Republic as follows :—

1. *Short title and extent.*—(1) This Act may be called the Societies Registration (Madras Amendment) Act, 1954.

(2) It extends to the whole of the State of Madras.

2. *Amendment of Central Act XXI of 1860.*—In the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (Central Act XXI of 1860)—

(i) in section 1, for the words “ the Registrar of Joint-stock Companies ”, the words and brackets “ the Inspector-General of Registration (hereafter in this Act referred to as the Inspector-General) ” shall be substituted;

(ii) to the same section, the following Explanation shall be added, namely :—

“ *Explanation.*—‘ Inspector-General of Registration ’ means the Inspector-General of Registration appointed by the State Government under section 3 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908 (Central Act XVI of 1908) or any of the district authorities subordinate to the Inspector-General of Registration not below the rank of the District Registrar to whom powers may be delegated in respect of this Act.”

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(iii) in sections 3 and 19, for the words " the registrar " wherever they occur, the words " the Inspector-General " shall be substituted ;

(iv) in sections 4 and 18, for the words, " the Registrar of Joint-stock Companies ", the words " the Inspector-General " shall be substituted.

3. *Saving*.—Any document filed with, or certificate issued by, the Registrar of Joint-stock Companies under the Societies Registration Act, 1860 (Central Act XXI of 1860), before the commencement of this Act shall be deemed to have been filed with, or issued by, the Inspector-General of Registration under the said Act as amended by this Act.

APPENDIX VIII.

[Vide item V (7) on page 503 supra.]

L.A. BILL No. 36 OF 1954.

(As passed by the Assembly.)

A Bill further to amend the Madras Commercial Crops Markets Act, 1933.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Madras Commercial Crops Markets Act, 1933 (Madras Act XX of 1933), for the purposes hereinafter appearing ;

BE it enacted in the Fifth Year of Our Republic as follows :—

1. *Short title and commencement*.—(1) This Act may be called the Madras Commercial Crops Markets (Amendment) Act, 1954.

(2) Section 2 shall be deemed to have come into force on the 20th November 1945.

2. *Amendment of section 4, Madras Act XX of 1933*.—(1) Section 4 of the Madras Commercial Crops Markets Act, 1933 (Madras Act XX of 1933) (hereinafter referred to as the principal Act), shall be renumbered as sub-section (1) of that section.

(2) In sub-section (1) as so renumbered—

(a) the words " and in any other manner prescribed by rules made under this Act " shall be omitted ;

(b) the following paragraph shall be added at the end, namely :—

" A copy of the notification shall be published in the prescribed manner."

(3) After sub-section (1) as so renumbered, the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

" (2) For the removal of doubts, it is hereby declared that a notification published in the Official Gazette under section 3 or under sub-section (1) shall have full force and

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effect notwithstanding any omission to publish, or any irregularity or defect in the publication of, a copy of the notification under section 3 or under sub-section (1), as the case may be.”.

3. *Amendment of section 5, Madras Act XX of 1933.*—In section 5, sub-section (4), of the principal Act, for clause (a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

“ (a) A licence may be refused to a person—

(i) whose licence was cancelled and three years have not elapsed since the date of the cancellation;

(ii) who has been convicted of an offence, or been guilty of misconduct, which in the opinion of the Collector, affects the said person's integrity as a man of business;

(iii) in regard to whom the Collector is satisfied, after such enquiry as he considers adequate, that such person is a benamidar for, or a partner with, any other person to whom a licence may be refused under clause (i) or (ii).” :

Provided that in all cases of refusal the applicant shall be entitled to appeal to the Revenue Board and the Government in the prescribed manner.

4. *Amendment of section 18, Madras Act XX of 1933.*—In section 18, sub-section (2), of the principal Act, for clause (v-a), the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

“ (v-a) the registration of buyers, sellers and buyers and sellers, in the notified area; the form in which and the conditions subject to which such registration may be renewed; and the fees to be charged therefor; ”.

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